## Dartmouth Flood Observatory Flood Analysis Report 2003-096

Event: DFO-2003-096, S. Afghanistan Previous Events:

Duration: April 18 - 21, 2003, 4 days News Notes: 5 dead, 25 still missing. 25 to 50 year recurrence

interval.

Cause: Heavy spring rains in the Saghaw Locations: Helmand Province in Afghanistan, Kajaki and Baghran

valley. districts. The Helmand River is not usually visible to

the MODIS sensor.

Region Affected: 14,990 sq. km Watershed: 118,000 sq. km; Helmand River

Severity: 1, large GIS vectors 20031110640AfghHel096M2.25

20031120855AfghHel096Ma2.29 20031130630Afghan096M2.24.

Magnitude: 1.7 Figure 1. Location of contributing watershed (yellow line) and area affected by flooding (red line)

Causation categories are: 1, thunderstorm; 2, precipitation band; 3, squall line; 4, stationary front; 5, mesoscale convective complex; 6, convective cloud cluster; 7, tropical cyclone; 8, extra-tropical cyclone; 9, stationary synoptic front; 10, ITCZ wave disturbance; 11, snowmelt; 12, rain and snowmelt; 13, ice jam or ice break-up; 14, dam break; 15, avalanche.

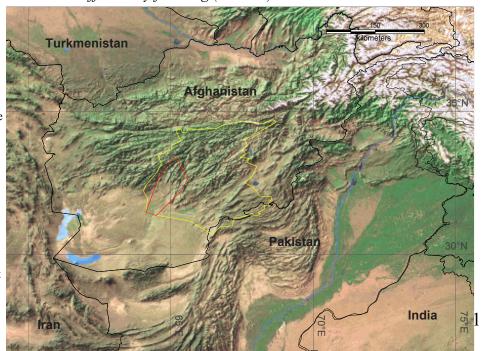
Severity classes: 1 large 20%-5% exceedance probability – and/or significant

<u>Severity classes:</u> 1, large, 20%-5% exceedance probability – and/or significant damage to structures or agriculture; 2, very large, 5%-1%; 3, extreme, <1%. <u>Flood Magnitude:</u> {Natural Log duration (days)} x {severity class} x {sq rt region affected (sq. km)} x .01.

<u>Duration, region affected, and intensity</u> are estimates from news and government reports.

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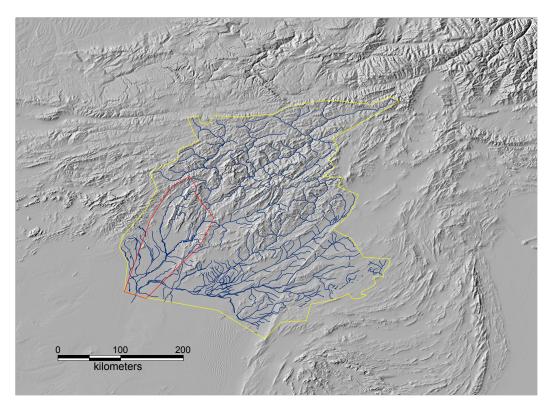


Figure 2. Flood-generating watershed for this flood event.

